Variety Description

Variety

Species
Botanical name

Ploidy

Seeding rate

Distance between rows Sowing period

Sowing depth

Agronomic figures*:

Inclination to flower
Tendency to lodging

Vulnerability to beet nematodes

Development after sowing

TERRANOVA

Fodder radish Raphanus sativus

Diploid

25-30 kg/ha as catch

crop

2

6 3

2

Similar to cereals

from July to late August

2-3 cm



Clarification of figures*:

1: very early, very low / 5: medium / 9: very late, very high

* Source: Federal Plant Variety Office 2016, state variety tests

Variety description

The fodder radish TERRANOVA is a dually resistant variety that can biologically combat both beet nematodes (*Heterodera schachtii*) as well as root-knot nematodes (*Meloidogyne chitwoodi*). These gall-forming nematodes can cause serious damage in beet, potato and vegetable cultivation. Due to its low tendency to flower, the variety can be sown early and used in intensive nematode control. The high mass formation during its early development is also helpful, enabling TERRANOVA to be sown for effective weed suppression.

Most important characteristics

Dual resistance against beet nematodes and root-knot nematodes Nematode-resistant, grade 2 Very low inclination to flower Low tendency to lodging

Usage

